

## First results of a 2000+ FPS OCAM<sup>2</sup> camera: OCAM<sup>2K</sup>

#### FIRST LIGHT IMAGING SAS

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## OCAM<sup>2</sup> heritage

- Initially the OCAM program comes from the OPTICON detector development
- FP6/FP7 & ESO funding for ESO XAO system (SPHERE)









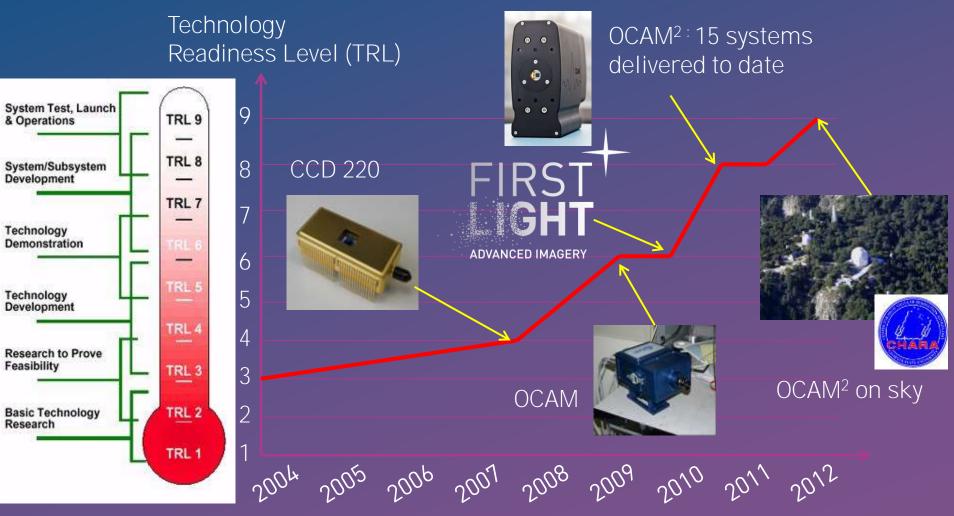






- 2009 : OCAM & technology transfer to First Light Imaging, LAM spinoff
- 2011: OCAM<sup>2</sup> is commercially available
- 2013: OCAM<sup>2K</sup> is ready and in production

## OCAM2 technology path



## First Light Business

The biggest telescopes in the world.

The sharpest labs and institutes.

Some advanced industrial companies.















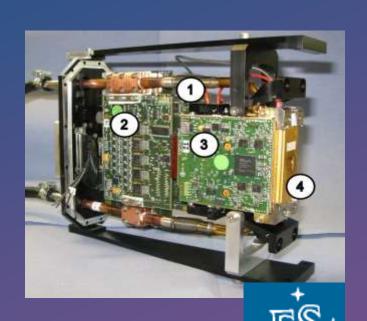






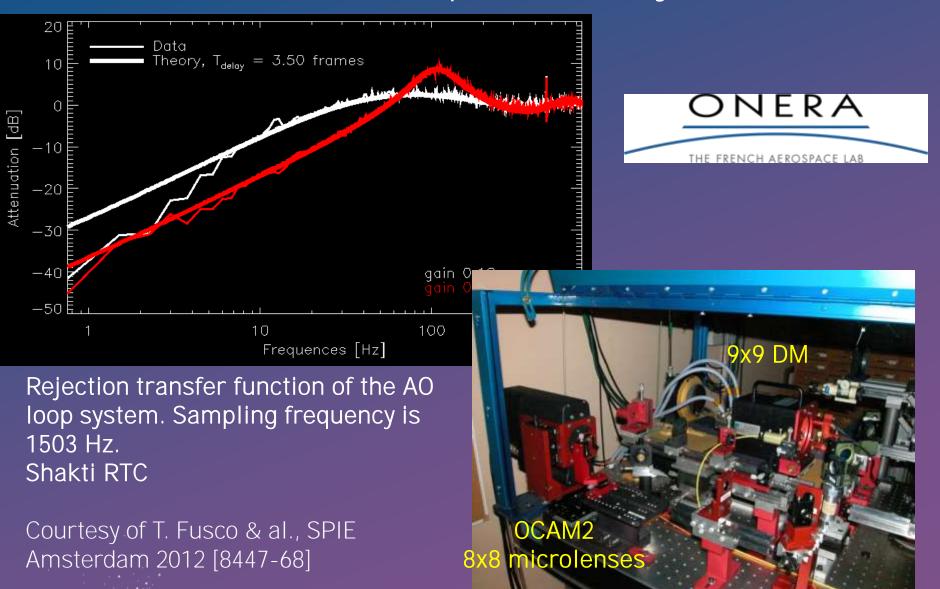
#### ESO Wavefront Sensor

First light has been subcontracted for the design of the critical elements of the ESO WFS (OCAM2 IP)





#### OCAM2 closed loop on the sky - ONERA

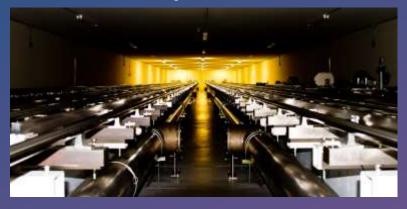


#### OCAM2 Results on CHARA

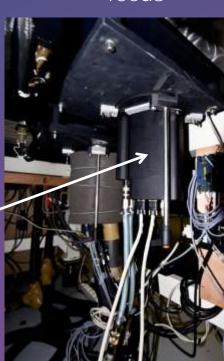
Telescopes (6 x 1m)



Delay lines

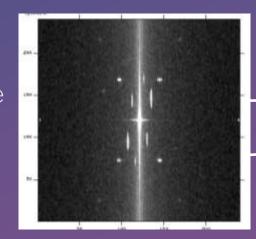


Beam recombinator focus



HD58923 FFT 3T observation Photon counting mode

Results courtesy of P. Berio
Obs. Côte d'Azur



OCAM<sup>2</sup>

## OCAM2 performance



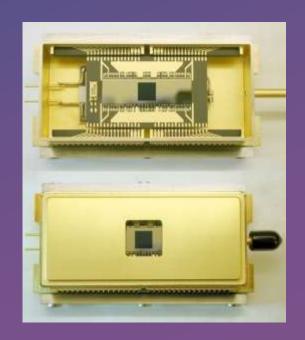
Test measurement	Result	Unit
Nominal speed (full frame)	1503	FPS
Mean readout noise	~ 0.13	e-
Dark signal at 1503 fps	< 0.01	e-/pix/
		frame
Dark signal at 25 fps	~ 0.05	e-/pix/
		frame
Detector operating temperature	- 45	°C
Peak Quantum Efficiency at 650 nm	94	%
Linearity at gain x1000 from 10 to 150 ke	<3	%
Image area Full Well Capacity at gain x1, 1503 fps	300	ke⁻
Parallel CTE at gain x1, 1503 fps	>0.99995	N/A
Serial CTE at gain x1, 1503 fps	0.99994	N/A

See AO4ELT2 paper for detailled performances: http://ao4elt2.lesia.obspm.fr/spip.php?article552

## OCAM<sup>2K</sup> project

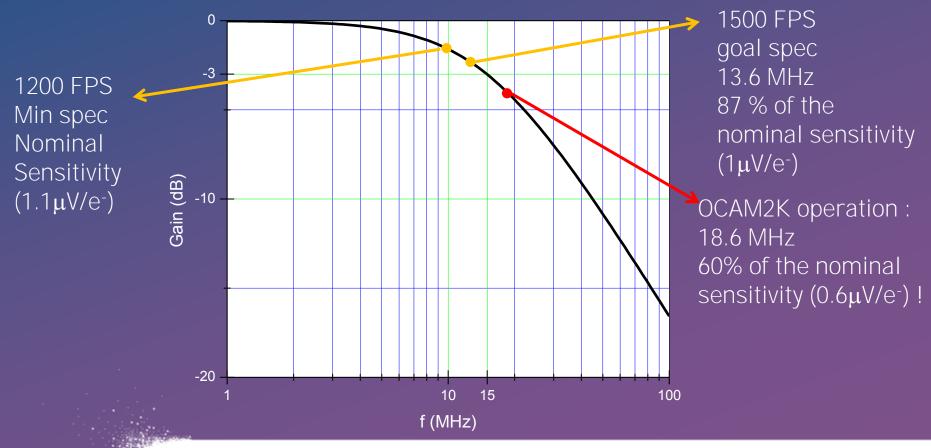
- Development carried by First Light Imaging with internal ressources
- Goal: increase the OCAM2 camera speed to more than 2000 FPS.

- Need to overcome the CCD intrinsic limitations: designed for 1200 FPS min, 1500 goal
- 18.6 Mpixel rate : unprecedented L3CCD readout speed



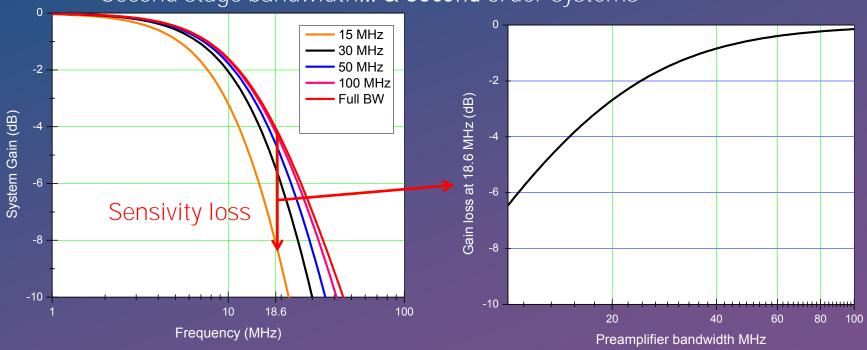
#### CCD limitations

- Output amplifier designed for 15MHz bandwidth
- 2000+ FPS needs a 18MHz+ operation...



### Electronics constraints [1]

Second stage bandwidth... & second order systems

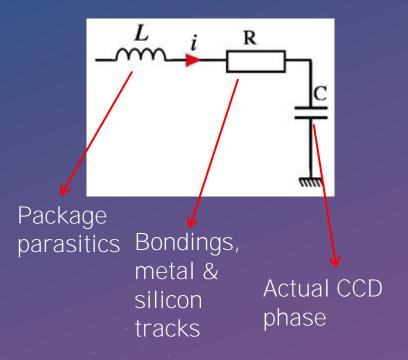


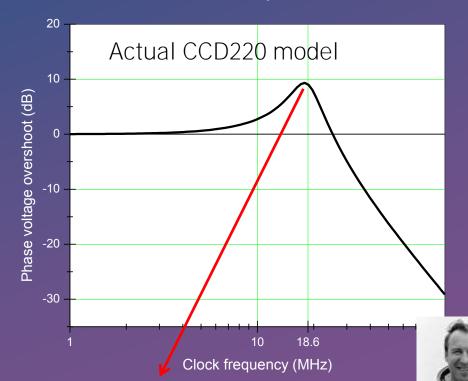
Conclusion: overall sensitivity scales with second stage bandwidth when the first stage (CCD amp) is used below the cutoff frequency.

OCAM<sup>2K</sup> uses advanced high bandwidth (100MHz) low noise amplifiers

# Electronics constraints [2] CCD drive @ 18.6 MHz... is not simple

CCD phase model (simplified)



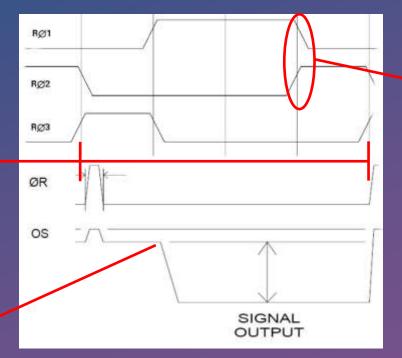


- "I believe we've had a problem here
- "This is Houston, say again please
- "Houston, we've had a problem, a CCD220 fried

# Electronics constraints [3] CCD drive @ 18.6 MHz... is not simple

Pixel total time: 53ns

264 Mbytes/s of data

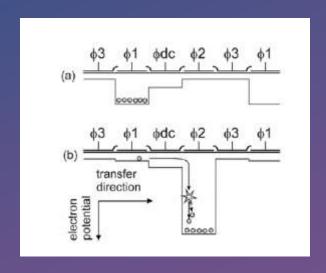


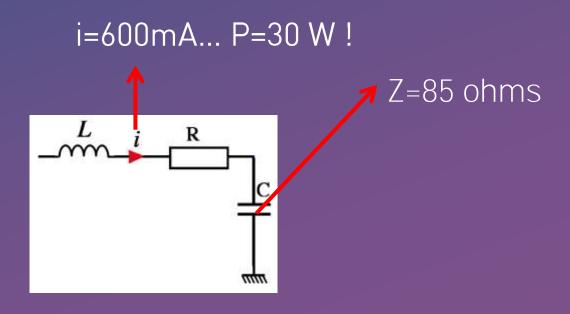
Clock overlap Controlled @ 1ns (sequencer resolution)

Settling time to 0.1%: 12ns (100MHz bandwidth)

### Electronics constraints [4]

- HV Phase control: drive a ~100pF CCD phase with near 45V amplitude at
- 18.6 MHz with millivolt amplitude control...





## Very challenging...

- Effect of sensitivity loss on noise
- Effect of bandwidth increase on noise
- Effect of « overclocking » on Charge Transfer Efficiency
- Power dissipation increase
- Overall performances...

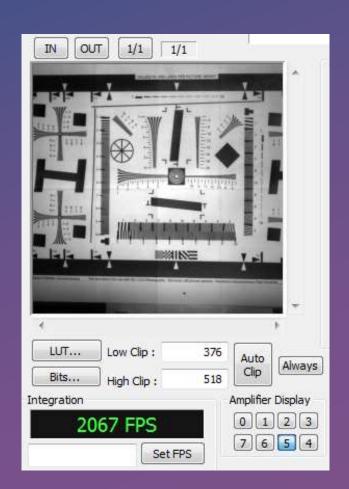
## E pur si muove!\*

\* © Galileo

2067 FPS full frame

Just put a F1 in your AO loop!





## E pur si muove velocemente!\*

\* © Galileo, approx

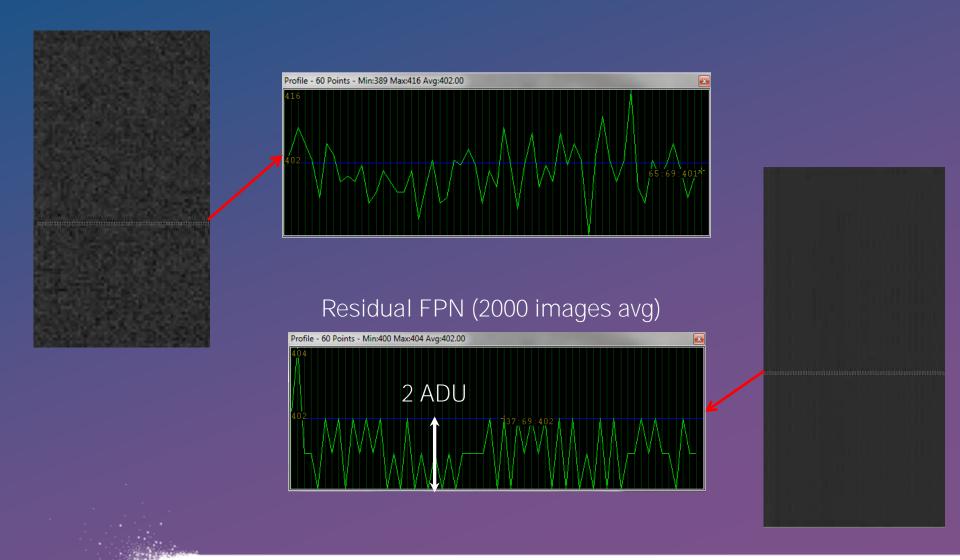
The fastest WFS ever

And it makes images!

3623 FPS in binning mode (120x120 pixels)

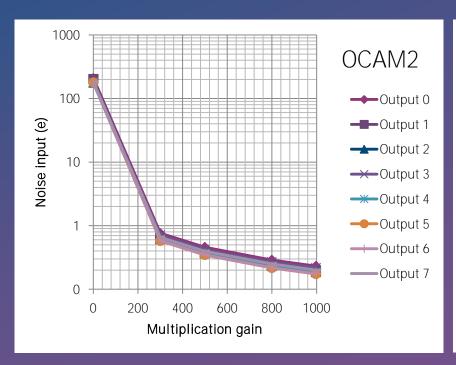


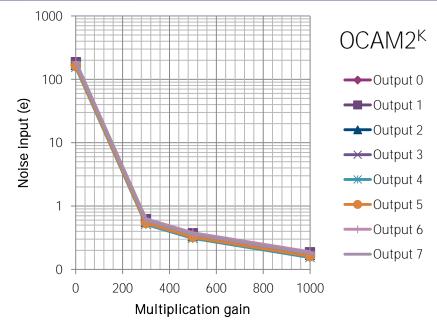
#### No noise structure



#### Measurements

 Measured noise: no noise degradation, made possible with better preamp and sensivity loss countermeasures





Parallel Charge Transfer Efficiency (PCTE)

#### OCAM<sup>2</sup>

1	0.999946
2	0.999950
3	0.999957
4	0.999958
5	0.999949
6	0.999946
7	0.999954

#### OCAM<sup>2K</sup>

1	0,999993
2	0,999963
3	0,999956
4	0,999977
5	0,999979
6	0,999955
7	0,999987

No noticeable PCTE degradation in spite of a faster readout

#### Dark

OCAM<sup>2</sup>

Output	Gain x	Dark (e/pixel/frame)
(	644	0.0025
1	644	0.0020
2	642	0.0017
3	586	0.0032
4	613	0.0023
5	708	0.0016
6	767	0.0019
7	645	0.0029
Mean	656	0.0023

 $OCAM^{2K}$ 

Output		Gain x	Dark (e/pixel/frame)
(	)	610	0,0031
	1	644	0,0023
	2	520	0,0018
,	3	491	0,0021
4	4	615	0,0022
Į.	5	657	0,0019
(	5	574	0,0005
	7	570	0,0024
Mean		585	0,0020

No significative variation, dark is constant an negligible Dark is CIC (Clock induced charge) limited as expected No increase of CIC due to faster clocking

### OCAM<sup>2</sup> vs OCAM<sup>2K</sup>

Test measurement	OCAM <sup>2</sup>	OCAM <sup>2K</sup>	Unit
Nominal speed (full frame)	1503	2067	FPS
Mean readout noise (full frame, full speed)	0.13	0.13	e-
Pure Latency	60	43	μs
Dark signal at 1503 fps	0.0023	0.002	e-/pix/
			frame
Detector operating temperature	- 45	-45	°C
Peak Quantum Efficiency at 650 nm	94	94	%
Linearity at gain x1000 from 10 to 150 ke	<3	<3	%
Image area Full Well Capacity at gain x1, 1503 fps	300	300	ke⁻
Parallel CTE at gain x1, 1503 fps	0.9999	0.9999	N/A
Serial CTE at gain x1, 1503 fps	0.9999	0.9999	N/A



### Implementation ideas for ELTs

And Smaller telescopes

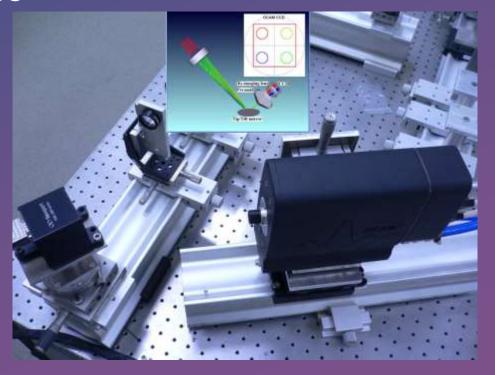
#### Pyramid WFS:

see 2 previous talks of Valentina Viotto & Fernando Quiros-Pacheco

Poster 13429

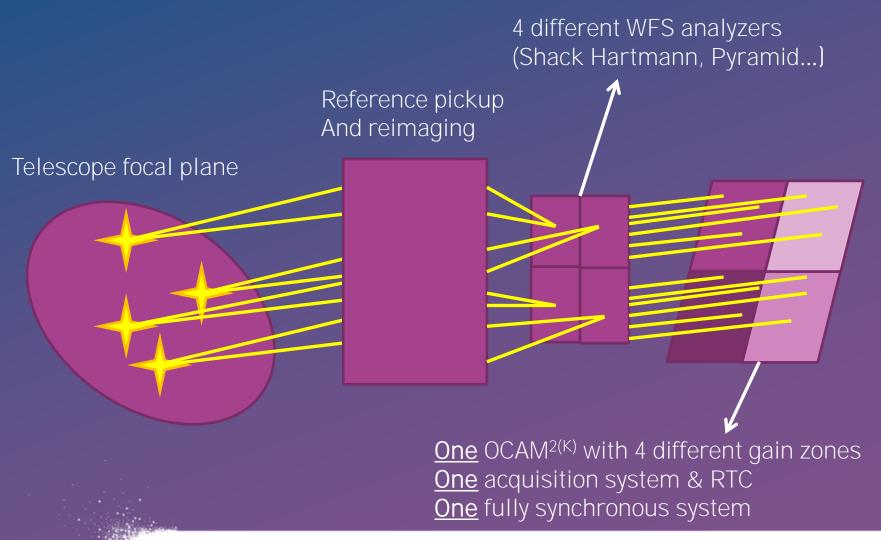
Kacem El Hadi:
Pyramid WFS with an OCAM<sup>2</sup> =>up to 80x80 subapertures, 2KHz,

subelectron read noise!



## Implementation ideas for ELTs

And Smaller telescopes



## FLI WFS development roadmap

Q3 2011 : First Light Imaging created





OCAM 3

Refer to P. Feautrier/G. Finger invited talk (yesterday)
"Visible and Infrared Wavefront Sensing detectors review"

**OCAM** 



OCAM II







#### Conclusion

- OCAM<sup>2K</sup> is now ready and showed more than 2000 FPS frame rate (full frame)
- Overall performance is globally better than OCAM<sup>2</sup> cameras in spite of the increased speed
- OCAM<sup>2K</sup> benefits from OCAM<sup>2</sup> heritage and enters in production now



#### www.firstlight.fr

You're welcome to see OCAM2K in operation on the FLI booth

FLI will offer fresh beers after the talks (today, ~18h30 to 20h00)